ENTREPRENEURSHIP DEVELOPMENT - FAQs

Unit I: Entrepreneur and Entrepreneurship

- 1. Define entrepreneurship. Discuss its evolution and the role it plays in economic development in India.
- 2. What are the different types of entrepreneurs? Explain their key characteristics.
- 3. Discuss the concept, importance, and challenges of rural entrepreneurship in India.

Unit II: Factors Affecting Entrepreneurial Growth

- 4. What are the economic and non-economic factors influencing entrepreneurial growth?
- 5. How do psychological factors impact entrepreneurship?
- 6. Explain the role of government and higher education institutions in promoting entrepreneurship.
- 7. What is the significance of Entrepreneurship Development Programs (EDPs), and how are they structured?

Unit III: Idea Generation and Evaluation

- 8. Describe the strategies used for entrepreneurial idea generation and opportunity recognition.
- 9. What is design thinking and how is it applied in entrepreneurship?
- 10. Explain how feasibility analysis is conducted for a product or service idea.

Unit IV: Social Entrepreneurship

- 11. What is social entrepreneurship and how does it differ from traditional business entrepreneurship?
- 12. Discuss the Timmons Model and the PCDO framework in the context of social entrepreneurship.
- 13. Identify and explain the sources of social entrepreneurship.

Unit V: Writing a Business Plan

- 14. What are the key components of a business plan? Why is it important?
- 15. Describe the Business Model Canvas and its relevance to business planning.

Case Studies

Case Study 1: Idea Generation & Feasibility – "FreshCart" (Online Organic Market)

Context:

A group of MBA graduates from Hyderabad wanted to address the growing demand for organic vegetables and fruits. They launched *FreshCart*, an online platform connecting local organic farmers with urban consumers.

Key Activities:

- Applied **design thinking** to understand urban dietary preferences.
- Conducted environmental and market analysis, identifying rising health awareness post-COVID.
- Used **feasibility analysis** Financial viability, supply chain logistics, and consumer readiness.

Discussion Questions:

- 1. What methods of **opportunity recognition** were applied by FreshCart?
- 2. Conduct a basic **SWOT analysis** for FreshCart.
- 3. How can they scale their model in Tier-2 cities?

✓ Case Study 2: Social Entrepreneurship – "Goonj"

Context:

Founded by **Anshu Gupta**, Goonj is a social enterprise that turns urban waste into usable materials for rural development, primarily using old clothes and household items to drive grassroots development.

Key Features:

- Works in the voluntary and public sector spaces.
- Uses the **Timmons Model** for resource mobilization: People (volunteers), Opportunity (waste reuse), Deal (circular economy), Context (social need).
- Promotes dignity in charity through its "Cloth for Work" initiative.

Discussion Questions:

- 1. What differentiates Goonj from a traditional NGO or business?
- 2. Analyze Goonj using the **PCDO framework**.
- 3. What role does **entrepreneurial motivation** play in its success?

✓ Case Study 3: Business Plan & MVP – "ZappEats" Food Delivery for Hostels

Context:

A student startup aimed to solve poor food service in college hostels. The idea: a mobile app "ZappEats" allowing students to order from select local eateries with fast delivery and digital wallet integration.

Startup Actions:

- Developed a **Minimum Viable Product (MVP)** app.
- Used **Business Model Canvas** to outline value proposition (fast, hygienic, low-cost food), key partners (local dhabas), and revenue model (commission per order).
- Pitched to angel investors, highlighting scalability to other campuses.

Discussion Questions:

- 1. Evaluate ZappEats' business model using the **Business Model Canvas**.
- 2. What are the **investor prerequisites** for a campus-based venture like this?
- 3. Suggest ways to improve their digital presence and marketing strategy.